

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

COMMERCIAL.



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

MONDAY, JUNE 16, 1873.

The money article of the Baltimore Sun, this morning, says:—"The news of the Bank of England reduction of the rate of discount 1 per cent., has a favorable influence in financial circles on this side of the water. The bank rate is now 6 per cent., and on the street lower. The gold is down here somewhat in consequence, while the expectation is that there will be no further disturbance of the money market on either side of the Atlantic for the rest of the summer. This expectation is strengthened by the unofficial announcement that the transfer of the \$15,000,000 Alabama indemnity from London to Washington will be effected by the syndicate without special inconvenience to the bank. The general dullness in business is, however, likely to continue for some time."

The Valley Virginian says that Mr. Garrett has concluded to build the workshops of the Valley Railroad Company at Harrisburg, rather than at Staunton, where such heavy damages are assessed for privileges. It also says that in consequence of the amendment of damages (\$9,000 for one acre) at the Act property, by the commission appointed by Judge Smith, of the City Court, against the Valley Railroad, Major Randolph has been instructed to run another line, which will intersect the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad further east, and then comply with the terms of agreement by which the city subscription was obtained, by running into the limits of the corporation on the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad.

The Warrenton Index predicts that Col. Mesby's influence will alter this week. In commenting upon Mr. Bayly's appointment, it says:—"We regard this achievement of the Colonel the most brilliant of his political career, but predict that his influence will be less from this hour of his triumph. The radicals outside of the State as well as in it will combine to crush him, and Grant will listen to them. Such greedy conspirators as they will never permit Federal patronage to be parcelled out to build up a 'respectable administration party' in Virginia."

It is said that Senor Castelar will propose to the Spanish Cortes the division of Spain and the colonies into the following Federal States: Catalonia, Aragon, Navarre and Biscay, Valencia and Murcia, New Castile, Old Castile, Galicia, Andalusia, Upper and Lower Estramadura, Cuba, Porto Rico, the Balearic Islands, the Canaries, and the Philippines. The Cortes will on Tuesday next elect a special commission to draw up a Federal constitution.

A "horrible wife murder," and a "drunken brawl and murder," are reported in New York yesterday. A drunken wretch, in Ontario, N. Y., last week, nearly killed his wife, and did kill two of his children. A man was found with a bullet in his head, near Chestnut street, in Philadelphia, last Saturday. And so it goes!

The Fifth District Court, in New Orleans, on Saturday, rendered a decision of \$1,000 damages in the case of Josephine Decaisne vs. The Owners of the steamer Governor Allen, for refusing to allow the plaintiff (a colored woman) cabin passage and such accommodations as were extended to white ladies.

Frederick Pinkney, Deputy State's Attorney of Md., for Baltimore, died near that city on the 13th. He was a son of the distinguished Wm. Pinkney. He was a very learned and accomplished man, of varied attainments. His death is deeply regretted.

Caroline Henson, (colored,) tried at Marlboro, Md., last week, for the murder of Elizabeth Gardner, (colored,) was found guilty of manslaughter, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary. The particulars of the case we have already published.

It is said that changes are soon to be made in about twenty consulates in order that Southern men may be appointed to them, the President having recently expressed his desire to give office to a larger number of his Southern political friends.

An outcry is raised all over the country at several of the recent verdicts rendered by juries in murder cases. It is certain that crime does not now meet with the punishment it deserves, and which ought to be inflicted on it.

Mr. R. M. T. Hunter, in a letter to a friend, says he will cordially support whoever may be the nominee of the Virginia State Conservative Convention for Governor, and will do what he can to further the election of the nominee.

The Savannah Republican says that the story is current in Virginia that Judge Alexander Rives, now of the Federal Court of Virginia, will be made Chief Justice of the United States. We had not before heard it.

The American clipper ship, "Young America," won the race with the British clipper ship, La Reconnaissance, reaching Liverpool on the 13th instant, in one hundred and six days from San Francisco.

It is stated in a Norfolk paper, that the sloop-of-war St. Mary's, which has been recently dismantled at the navy-yard there, will be sent to the Washington navy-yard to be converted into a steamer.

It is now said that the Sultan, at Zanzibar, has signed the treaty of Great Britain for the suppression of the slave trade, which was negotiated by Sir Bartle Frere.

Another planet has been discovered by Prof. Watson, of Michigan. "New" planets seem to be now constantly discovered.

In reference to the reported discrepancy in the accounts of the once famous Freemen's Bureau, Gen. O. O. Howard says that the sum of between three and four thousand dollars represented as "short" in the disbursing officer's accounts was "unavoidable and innocent," and that he immediately paid the amount due to the government as soon as ascertained. As to the \$3,000, the disbursing officer sent in the money as well as the receipts, so that the second auditor could cancel the vouchers. He says his transactions can be "satisfactorily explained."

The Superintendent of the Census sent out about three months since circulars to the census takers of 1870 in the Southern States, notifying them that Congress had authorized the payment of the balances due them on a proper rendering of their accounts. The responses were very prompt, and the Assistant Superintendent of the census, to whom the work of adjusting and settling up the accounts was entrusted, has just completed the same, and handed them in to the fifth Auditor for payment.

The Norfolk Virginian pays a well merited compliment to Abel T. Johnson, State Senator from Accomac and Northampton, to which the Richmond Whig adds, "we hope the General Assembly may long be adorned by his presence, and that of such men as he, for to personal dignity, sound sense and high integrity, he is worthy of the county which has given so many ornaments to the State and country."

A letter from New Orleans, dated last Wednesday, says that Mr. John B. Weller was then lying in that city at the point of death. Mr. Weller was in the ante-bellum days a noted public man. He had served as a member of the House from Ohio, and as Senator from California, of which State he was also at one time Governor. He was also at one time Minister to Mexico.

The Richmond Whig pays a deserved compliment to Mr. R. A. Coghill, delegate in the last Legislature from Annapolis and Nelson, who it says "was without his superior in the last General Assembly. As a debater, he was always ready, able and eloquent. As a member, always in his place, and ever attentive to the study of matters before the House."

One of the "tricks of trade" in the "financial times," now, is to circulate reports that Mr. A. M. B. and Mr. C. are offered interests in large banking houses in England, and elsewhere. This is to give the idea of great financial skill and influence. These reports are generally false!

The immense new tower now being erected on the U. S. Naval Observatory is to be a farthest of advancement, and it is said will be finished by the 1st of August next. The largest reflecting telescope in the world, now being manufactured in Boston for it, will be ready by that time.

Western bankers and merchants have again manifested a desire to have the twenty-five millions of national bank notes withdrawn from the circulation of the Eastern States and distributed among the Western and Southern States.

Private accounts from Alabama mention the prevalence of cholera in that State and consequent alarm among the people.

We have received specimen pages of a new work about to be published by the National Publishing Company. It is called the Undeveloped West, or five years in the Territories; being a history of the vast region between the Mississippi and the Pacific ocean, with particulars concerning its climate, resources, etc., etc., by J. H. Beadle. It is illustrated by spirited engravings. Also:—

The Report of the Board of Commissioners of the Cincinnati Industrial Exposition held in 1872.

The Hodoes.

ROYAL'S CAMP, TELE. LAKE, June 12.—This afternoon the bodies sent for Dr. Cabness and requested a second interview, in order that further facts relative to the missing articles might be made known. Black Jim acknowledged that he stole \$18 from Meacham, and passed in that amount. Brown Cherry said he had Meacham's pistol hidden under a rock, and would return it if he feels chased. Meacham's memorandum book was destroyed by the negroes. Brown said he saw two more of the coat and coat of Dr. Cabness were, and they could be obtained in a half day. The negro captain's gold watch was carried off by Wm. Spruce Indians. Lieutenant Cabness's ring was lost.

The Indian braves, including Capt. Jack, sent thirty or forty shots were fired during the massacre of the Peace Commissioners, and actively shifted the responsibility for the murder from one to another. All agreed, however, that Regus Charley did not participate in the massacre, and from first to last conspired it as an unfair and unjust proceeding.

Permitting the arrival of orders from General Schofield regarding the disposition of the California troops to decision as to immediate movements has been obtained.

The first account sent by mail, though official, of the number of captives is inaccurate. The total number should be reduced to one hundred and fifty-six.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.—Father Anthony Grimes, a Canadian priest, whose death has been noticed, was insane when he committed suicide.

The hay-house and blacksmith-shop of the Washington and Georgetown Railroad Company were burned on Saturday, causing a loss of about \$800. The fire is supposed to have originated from a spark from the blacksmith shop.

A large number of the leading merchants in the dry goods, shoe and grocery business have adopted the rule of closing their establishments at 7 o'clock.

George W. Waters, one of the leading merchants of Georgetown, died on Saturday.

Mr. Waters was by birth a Marylander, but has been in the mercantile trade of Georgetown for half a century.

Capt. E. A. Ryther is dangerously ill at his residence in East Washington.

BUTLER'S BEEHIVES.—Ben Butler has recently interviewed the Postmaster General respecting the right of a constituent of his sending small boxes containing humble-bees through the mail. The Postmaster General reminded Mr. Butler that those who handle the mails complain of such packages, as the bees invariably become released from their stronghold, and cause the postmen annoyance and trouble by being stung by the bees. "Well," says the Hon. B., "I can't imagine why so much consternation and complaint should arise from sending a few bees through the mail; these mail carriers would more fuss over a couple of bees than Congressmen do in drawing their back pay."—Washington Chronicle.

"To show the very age and body of the Tonic."

The Secretary of the Navy has not yet made public his official report of the "Polaris" investigation, but from all that can be learned it seems that nothing was developed which tends to contradict the story first told by Captain Tyson concerning Captain Hall's death and the fate of the expedition, including the voyage made by himself and company on the ice boat. The steamer Junata has been ordered to sail for the Arctic regions and search for the missing vessel.

On Wednesday last a masked party broke into the house of John Jennings, the alleged chief of a gang of robbers in Wetzel county, West Va., when the robber's wife seized an axe to defend her husband, and the party fled, killing Jennings and mortally wounding his wife. The robbers left a written notice to the rest of the gang to leave the county.

A Washington dispatch states that at the General Council of the Indian Territory, held at Oklahoma, it was resolved that a commission should be sent to the Cheyennes, Kiowas and other warlike tribes, with intent to persuade them to keep the peace and to maintain friendly relations with each other and with the United States Government.

A Vienna dispatch, says that the number of visitors to the Exhibition is far less than was anticipated. The trades people and inhabitants generally are greatly discouraged at the absence of strangers, and prices of living, which have heretofore deterred persons from visiting the city, have been reduced.

The Smithsonian Institute received, on Saturday, a telegram from Professor James C. Watson, of Ann Arbor, Michigan, announcing the discovery of a new planet. In 17 hours 16 minutes of right ascension south and 21 degrees 43 minutes of declination. Rapid motion north, eleven minutes magnitude.

A Raleigh dispatch says: In Yadkin county, North Carolina, on Saturday, John Holcomb, a young farmer, deliberately shot dead his wife on her assisting her intention to leave home to visit Salisbury, and then put a bullet through his own head. He was wealthy and very jealous of his wife.

President Grant has accepted the invitation of Joseph R. Hawley, President of the United States Confederate Commission, to participate on the approaching 4th of July in the ceremonies attending the transfer of grounds in Fairmont Park to the Commission for the Exhibition of 1876.

The San Francisco Bulletin publishes reports from sixty-nine interior towns of the State respecting the grain crops. The prospects are very encouraging in all places, and nearly an average yield is promised.

Private accounts from Alabama mention the prevalence of cholera in that State, and consequent alarm among the people. The cholera is menacing at Memphis and abating at Nashville.

A special to the New York World, says that the Emperor William continues seriously ill. Private advisers represent his condition as alarming.

Prince Jerome Napoleon has gone to London.

Crimes.

NASHUA, N. H., June 14.—At Hudson, N. H., Henry Jewett, 25 years of age, has been endeavoring to force a suit with Miss Ella Wood, daughter of Charles Wood, Miss Wood rejected his offer of marriage, and her parents also opposed it. This morning Jewett visited Miss Wood, rolled down his pocket a six-shooter, aimed at her head and fired. The ball entered her forehead, just above the eye, and lodged under the skin. Miss Wood fell upon the floor, but not insensible, and it is hoped the wound is not mortal. Jewett then passed from the house to the yard where he met Mr. Wood, and endeavored to assassinate him. Mr. Wood grappled with the assassin, when a fearful life and death struggle ensued, in which Jewett attempted to take Mr. Wood's life. Wood finally overcame Jewett and crushed him to the floor, whereupon the latter placed a pistol at his own head and discharged it. In the excitement of the moment Mr. Wood dragged him out of the house by the heels and left him under an apple tree to die. While he had his senses Jewett asked forgiveness for what he had done. Some years ago Jewett married Miss Smith of this city, but the marriage was an unhappy one, and they soon separated.

ZANESVILLE, O., June 14.—Last evening Dr. Lewis learned that his daughter, in a buggy and left town. He followed, overtook them, shot Smith through the lungs, and then beat him so severely that he is not expected to live. Lewis has been arrested.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Francis Gillen, a steam fitter, this evening met his wife Ellen, aged 19, to whom he had been married five months, but with whom he had never lived, in front of No. 33 Crosby street, where she was walking with a friend, and after a few minutes conversation, brought her up Broome street, near him, where he stabbed her five times in the breast, two stabs piercing the lungs, causing her to die in about eight minutes. Gillen was arrested and admits the stabbing.

NEW BERRIA, June 14.—Zinet, a Frenchman, and Alex. Smar, Colony Justice of the Peace, were brutally murdered in their store, five miles from this place, to-night by three negroes, who subsequently robbed and burned the store. A number of citizens have gone in pursuit of the murderers.

ST. LOUIS, June 14.—Two colored men named Brown and Taylor, of Springfield, Ill., quarrelled to-day, and Taylor was flogged. Taylor then went home, got a double-barrelled shot gun, returned to Brown's house and killed him. The murderer then went home and shot himself, inflicting a wound, from which he soon died.

HARTFORD, June 15.—David Scott, who with his brother was sentenced to imprisonment for life for the murder of three inmates of a house of ill fame near New Windsor, Conn., in January, 1870, committed suicide at the State Prison in Wethersfield this a. m.

Not Among Chinese Mill Hands.

NEW YORK, June 15.—A Herald Pittsburgh special reports a riot Friday night at Beaver Falls between the Chinese workmen in the employ of a cutlery company. The rules of the company forbid the use of opium and prohibit gambling. A pipe taken from the mouth of one of the Chinamen at the order of Ah Pay, one of their interpreters, was the occasion of a row and a cessation of work by the Celestials. After dark an attempt was made to assassinate Ah Pay, who is charged by the men with swindling and mismanagement, but he kept out of the way. The excitement in the streets was finally quelled, but was wild in their own quarters to a late hour. The whole party has been discharged by the company, and are expected to pack their traps Monday and leave for California. They may go quietly, but the whites are apprehensive of further trouble.

THE LYNDENBURG & DANVILLE RAILROAD.—The Chatham Tribune is informed that the grading of the road from Lynchburg to Chatham has been completed, and is now ready for the rail; and this part of the division will be finished from Danville to Banister River, about four miles south of this place, some time next week, and the remainder through in 30 days. The work on the bridge over Banister River, the cost of which is estimated at \$8,000, is rapidly progressing, and will be prepared to perform heavy duty by the 1st of July.

Archie Johnson, colored, convicted in the Circuit Court of Russell county of the murder of John Hart, white, sometime in the year 1872, was hung at Lebanon on Friday last. He smoked a cigar while on the gallows. It was estimated that five or six thousand persons witnessed the execution. He made a confession several days ago, in which he detailed minutely the circumstances of the murder.

A dispatch from Harrisburg on Saturday says: An affair occurred this morning on section 1, Valley railroad, between Mike Smith and Alexander Brown, both colored, resulting in Smith's being struck on the head with a pick-handle. Physicians entertain doubts as to his recovery. Smith is supposed to have been intoxicated. Brown was arrested.

Rev. N. W. Calhoun, so long pastor at Lebanon Church, in Augusta county, and grandson of Dr. James Waddell, Wm's famous blind preacher, died in the county of Bath recently. He was universally beloved and respected.

The Culpeper Observer says: "A considerable revival has been going on in Antioch Baptist Church, (colored,) in this place, for the last two or three weeks, and on Sunday last Rev. Harrison Blair baptized in Mountain Run ninety-five men, women and children."

Some half dozen of the best business men of Culpeper, O. H. have formed a joint company and purchased the Virginia Hotel in that place. It is now being fitted up, and will, in a short time, be opened for the reception of guests.

A dispatch from Harrisburg says that thirty two thousand acres (?) of the Chambers tract of land, in that county, were sold on Saturday to Mr. Judson, of New York, for four thousand five hundred dollars.

The ceremony of strewing the graves of the Confederate dead at Front Royal, took place last Wednesday, on which occasion John T. Lovell, esq., delivered a very appropriate address, which is highly spoken of.

Four hundred barrels of green peas were shipped from Capekoke wharf, in Gloucester county, at one time, to Baltimore, week before last.

FALCONER COUNTY ITEMS.—[From the Warrenton Index.]—The case of Anderson's ex. vs. Smith, now pending in the circuit court of Spotsylvania county was heard by Judge Barton in Frederickburg Thursday upon the evidence taken to the report of sale return by J. M. Forbes. The real estate involved in this suit is the fine farm known as "Meadowville" in this county belonging to Geo. W. F. Smith. It was cited out at the last May term of our Circuit Court to T. B. Robertson at \$25 per acre. Messrs. Granville S. P. Triplett and W. H. Parry put in a bid of \$27.50. Judge Barton regarded the upset bid as such a material advance upon the sale reported that he refused to confirm it. But he did not pass on the various exceptions taken to Mr. Forbes's report. Sale to Robertson was set aside and bidding re-opened. When again offered "Meadowville" is to be started at the upset bid of \$27.50 per acre. Messrs. Baxton and Wallace of Frederickburg represented the complainant, and R. Taylor Scott of Warrenton the exceptions. Under the new decree growing crops are to be reserved to Mr. Smith with the right of ingress and egress necessary to secure them.

At the annual election held in Mt. Carmel Lodge, No. 132, of A. F. and A. M., on last Friday, the following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year: W. W. Williamson, W. M.; S. B. Bispham, S. W.; H. C. Yates, J. W. J. A. Jeffries, Treasurer; J. W. James, Secretary.

The Rev. John S. Lindsey of Warrenton has accepted the invitation tendered by the two literary societies of Bethel Male Academy, and will preach the commencement sermon on Sunday the 22nd inst.

The commencement exercises of the Fauquier Female Institute were well attended, notwithstanding the fall of rain on last Wednesday, and everything passed off pleasantly and to the perfect satisfaction of spectators.

Commencement exercises of the Bethel Academy, will begin at 10 a. m. on the 25th inst. The annual address before the two literary societies will be delivered by Wm. Kilgour of Alexandria.

FAIRFAX COUNTY ITEMS.—[From the Fairfax News.]—The Conservatives of Fairfax are requested to meet at Fairfax C. H., on Monday, the 21st day of July, Court day. The Conservatives of the several townships will meet at their usual places of assembling on the second Saturday in July for the purpose of selecting a delegate to the Constitutional Convention, to meet in Richmond on the 6th day of August, from each township. If any of the meetings will be held by the meeting at July Court, they will be held by the meeting at July Court.

The lightning that struck Mr. Slayton's house, near this place, some time back, an account of which appeared in the News, had the strange effect of magnetizing all the metals in the building. Table knives, tumbler and other things have all been turned into magnets, and attract needles and other metallic substances with great force.

The ladies of Vienna will hold a strawberry festival in the school-house of that place, next Wednesday afternoon and evening, for the benefit of the proposed new Presbyterian church, in connection with which, and at the same building, at 8 o'clock p. m., the pastor, the Rev. John Brown, will deliver an address on "Life in Utah."

Justice Hawcharst Friday committed to jail Edward Chambers, colored, for contempt of court.

THE BUCKLAND WOOLLEN MILLS, are located on one of the finest water powers in the country and can be run advantageously all the year. We venture the assertion that there is no investment better calculated to yield a large or more certain dividend than they. Here is one of those natural sources of wealth developed to the people. If our own citizens will not take hold of it we hope some one will who will be enriched by it, and receive, as he will deserve, the thanks of the community. There is possibly from three to six per cent in farming operations, and from eight to twelve per cent may be derived from stocks; but the Buckland Mills can be made to pay from twenty-five to thirty per cent.—Warrenton Index.

[COMMUNICATED.]

One year ago the Legislature of Connecticut repealed the usury laws by a vote of one hundred and thirty-one to forty-five in the House and with only one dissenting vote in the Senate. The result has been a good one. Investments of Connecticut capital in the West has diminished in amount. Money has been loaned more freely within the State. Investors have preferred to have their security—all other things being equal—under their own eyes. Says the New Haven Palladium, in reference to fears that have been recently expressed that the banks would put up their rates to an extravagant point: "It is clear that if banks put their rates too high, in a free and open market, they will have to recede from an untenable position. If they put their rates higher than they are in adjacent States, money will be drawn here until the rate is restored to its normal level in this section of the country. No one can regard that as a calamity in any point of view. If, on the other hand, money is worth 8 per cent in Connecticut, no law can keep it down. The law may, by its interference, force loans up to 9 per cent, or else drive money elsewhere for investment. It can do nothing else."

That Ship Yard Again.

On Saturday last I had an agreeable interview with a Captain of a fine schooner from Bostport, Maine, lying at one of our wharves, waiting for a berth to receive a cargo of coal. The captain expressed great surprise that the city of Alexandria, with its extensive coal trade, and superior advantages, has no shipyard, or one worthy of being called a shipyard. He was so inquisitive as to ask of what kind of material our commercial and business men were made, and also remarked that the citizens of Alexandria had no conception of the convenience in shipping, and profits of a first class marine railway and ship yard. He further remarked that he would not hesitate to invest one thousand dollars in a permanent and reliable stock in company for the construction of a ship yard at Alexandria. The captain's head is level, and he means business.

The captain was still more surprised when we told him that within the past two years the Alexandria and Washington Ferry Co. had paid to a Baltimore company for repairs, twelve thousand dollars; the steamer Arrow, seven thousand, the Lady of the Lake, between five and six thousand, and the tug boat Atlantic a large sum, all of which Alexandria would have saved had she possessed the proper facilities to rebuild and repair her own vessels.

He also referred to the advantages of Alexandria for ship building. He could name several insignificant ports along the Atlantic coast from four to six large steamers were built, and a great many every year; that a reliable and active man can get stock enough sold in 4 or 5 days to build a 200 ton schooner. The people of that State know the value of investments in shipping; they know from experience that a large, well built schooner, in command of a sober, careful and economical master, pays at least 25 per cent, on every dollar invested. He thinks of ship building as a business, and it certainly would on the Potomac, where they get their best coal, masts and rigging of coal! A sensible conclusion.

FOUR-MAN.

Mrs. Lee's Claims.—A further discussion of the claim of Mrs. Lee for payment for the Arlington estate has been provoked by our recent publication of an article on the subject. The almost unanimous opinion of the Northern press, so far as can be judged from this discussion, is in favor of a careful investigation of the subject, and it is agreed with equal unanimity that if Mrs. Lee's statements are proven to be true, as we do not doubt they will be, she should be paid.

The New York Times remarks that "the matter should be carefully investigated, for the American people would regret any injustice done to Mrs. Lee, all the more keenly from her association with the leader of the Confederate armies. If they cannot forget their own wrongs at his hands, they are by so much the more reluctant to inflict a wrong upon his family." In short with the exception of the Philadelphia Inquirer, we have yet to find a Northern journal of any importance that does not speak of Mrs. Lee and her claim in terms of most earnest respect and kind forbearance. The Inquirer has probably been misled, as we know that some of the statements regarding Mrs. Lee's history on which its remarks are based are untrue. She was not a malignant hater of the Union long before the John Brown raid, and she did not "advocate secession before that event," nor did she ever use her influence "to help the cause of secession." On the contrary, like her husband, she hesitated tremblingly over the rash act of separation which precipitated sectional war. We are rejoiced that this discussion has assumed so wide a range, as we believe that it will arouse a feeling in the public mind which cannot fail to result in an equitable settlement of the question.—Washington Republican.

At New Haven, Conn., on Friday A. B. Bigelow's iron works, with their contents, were totally destroyed by fire. Loss \$100,000.

MARRIED.—In Hillsboro, Md., on the 4th inst., Mr. GEORGE H. AYLER, of Langlois, Va., to Miss SARAH J. BROWN, daughter of Mr. James Brown.

DIED.—In Panama, on the 3d of May last, Captain WILLIAM O. SLADE, of Fairfax county, Va., eldest son of Wm. O. Slade. He was a captain of Confederate forces during the war, and at the time of his death was engaged as an engineer near Panama.

At Montevideo, Fauquier county, Va., the residence of his grandfather, Gilbert M. Bessie, on June 9, 1873, GILBERT BASARILE FORBES, only child of Alfred T. and Belle B. Forbes, aged 21 months and 15 days.

Near Philadelphia, on June 13, 1873, ROBERT W. WELLS, to the 70th year of his age, of Loudoun county, Va., buried at Alexandria, Va., on the 16th inst.

This morning, in the 27th year of his age, GEORGE C. SEATON, eldest son of George L. Seaton, died at his residence at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, from the residence of his father, south Royal street.

FURNISHING GOODS.

IMMENSITY MAGNIFIED!

UNPRECEDENTED.

UNPARALLELED.

SHELVES AND COUNTERS OVERFLOWING.

HABLE BROTHERS.

Washington, D. C.

Dark Goods.

White Vests.

White Vests.

White Vests.

White Vests.

White Vests.

White Vests.

White Vests.

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White Vests.

White Vests.

Alexandria Market, June 16, 1873.

PLANT, superfine.....	7 75	6 75
Plant, fine.....	5 50	6 50
Plant, extra fine.....	8 00	6 50
Plant, superfine.....	9 00	6 50
Plant, superfine.....	9 50	6 50
WHEAT, No. 1, common.....	1 25	6 50
Wheat, No. 2, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 3, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 4, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 5, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 6, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 7, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 8, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 9, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 10, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 11, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 12, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 13, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 14, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 15, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 16, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 17, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 18, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 19, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 20, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 21, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 22, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 23, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 24, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 25, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 26, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 27, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 28, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 29, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 30, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 31, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 32, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 33, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 34, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 35, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 36, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 37, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 38, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 39, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 40, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 41, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 42, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 43, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 44, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 45, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 46, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 47, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 48, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 49, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 50, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 51, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 52, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 53, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 54, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 55, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 56, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 57, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 58, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 59, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 60, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 61, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 62, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 63, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 64, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 65, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 66, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 67, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 68, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 69, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 70, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 71, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 72, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 73, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 74, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 75, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 76, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 77, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 78, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 79, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 80, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 81, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 82, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 83, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 84, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 85, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 86, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 87, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 88, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 89, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 90, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 91, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 92, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 93, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 94, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 95, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 96, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 97, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 98, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 99, common.....	1 00	6 50
Wheat, No. 100, common.....	1 00	6 50